

Focused Lecture

Prof. Evan Bieske

School of Chemistry, University of Melbourne, Parkville 3010, Australia

Monday, 28 August 2023 / 2:30 – 3:30 pm CEST

KI. HS / room 015 – Johannisallee 29 – 04103 Leipzig

Spectroscopically probing interactions of H₂, D₂ and HD with halide anions and metal cations – a molecular view of hydrogen storage

The storage of molecular hydrogen in solid media (zeolites and MOFs) often depends on the interactions of H₂ and metal cations or halide anions. To better understand the operative interactions we have spectroscopically probed a series of complexes in the gas phase. Target species include H₂ and D₂ attached to the Cl⁻, Br⁻, I⁻ anions, and to the Li⁺, Na⁺, B⁺, Al⁺, Mg⁺, Mn⁺, Zn⁺ cations. The infrared action spectra exhibit rotational resolution and deliver fundamental insights into the intermolecular interactions. The anion complexes (Cl⁻-H₂, Br⁻-H₂, I⁻-H₂ *etc.*) are linear, whereas the cation complexes (Li⁺-H₂, Na⁺-H₂, B⁺-H₂ *etc.*) are T-shaped, consistent with the dominant charge-quadrupole interactions between the ion and

the H₂ molecule. There are several notable features of the spectra. First, it is apparent that *ortho* H₂ is bound more strongly than *para* H₂ to both the anions and the cations. Second, the systems are highly quantum in nature and undergo large amplitude vibrational motions with the Cl⁻-H₂, Br⁻-H₂ and I⁻-H₂ spectra showing clear signs for tunnelling splitting associated with internal rotation of the D₂ sub-unit. In some cases, such as Cr⁺-D₂, the onset of dissociation at a particular excited rovibrational level allows us to place narrow bounds on the dissociation energy, providing a solid benchmark against which current computational techniques can be measured.

The lecture will be streamed via Zoom:



[https://uni-leipzig.zoom.us/j/67221664393
?pwd=eFRVRm5URE9rc256WDh3ZTB3NnNlZz09](https://uni-leipzig.zoom.us/j/67221664393?pwd=eFRVRm5URE9rc256WDh3ZTB3NnNlZz09)

Meeting ID: 672 2166 4393 / Passcode: 245588